



Palm Beach Newly Reported Adult AIDS & HIV Infection Cases January-March 2015

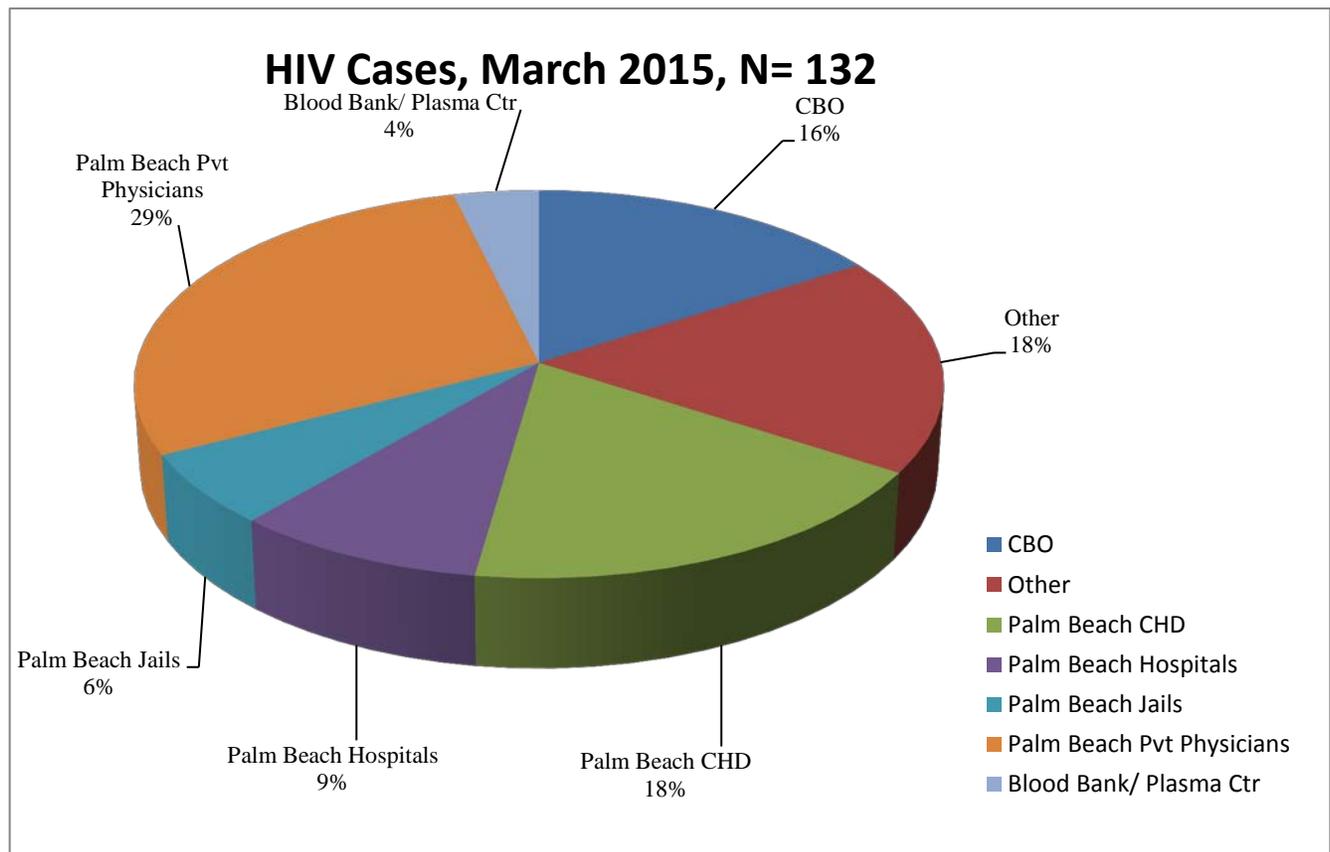
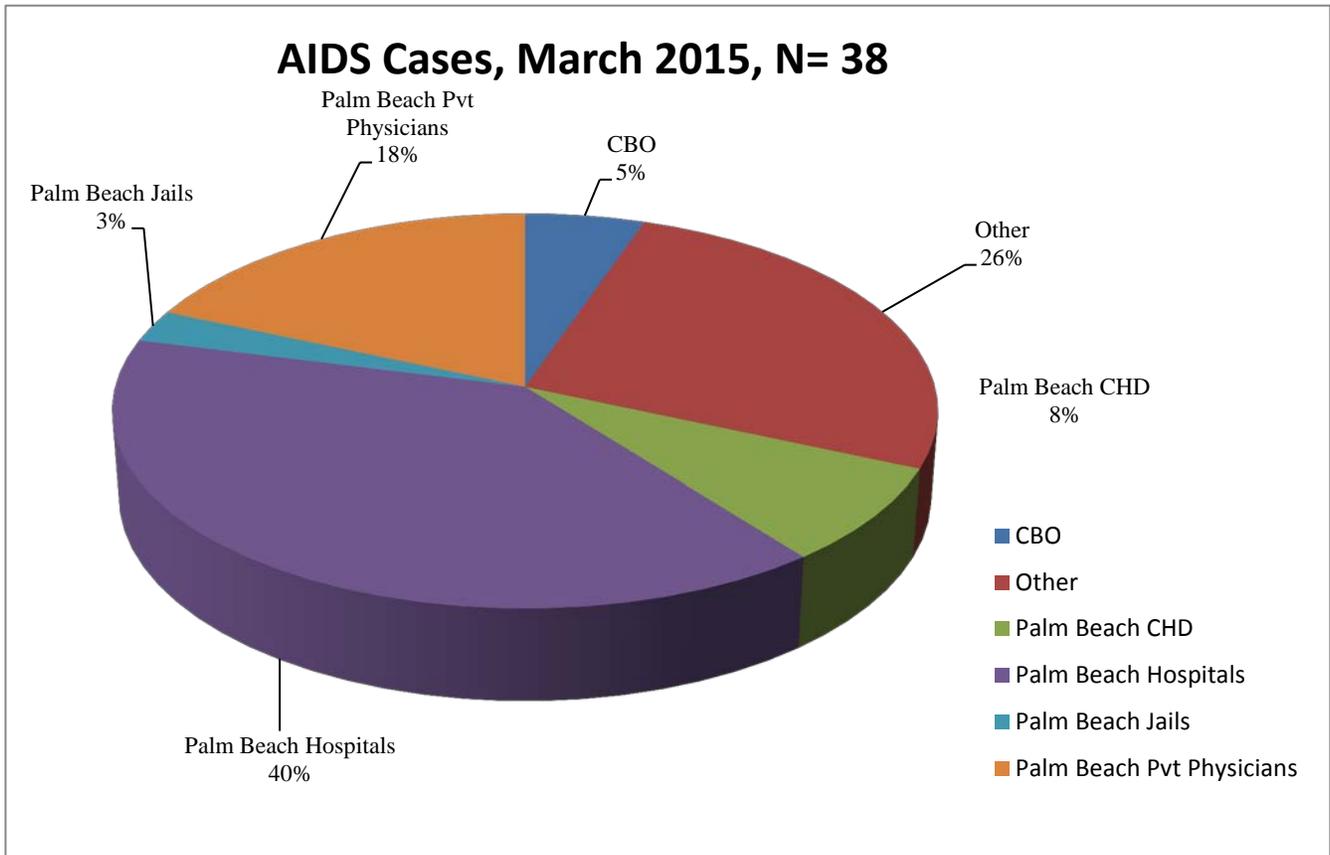
Race/ Ethnicity		AIDS Cases (n)	Total (%)	HIV Cases (n)	Total (%)	Total New Infections	
Hispanic	All Races	4	11%	20	15%	24	14%
Non Hispanic	Black	24	63%	54	41%	78	46%
	White	7	18%	54	41%	61	36%
	Other*	3	8%	4	3%	7	4%
Total		38	100%	132	100%	170	100%
Gender**							
Female		16	42%	32	24%	48	28%
Male		22	58%	100	76%	122	72%
Total		38	100%	132	100%	170	100%
Diagnosis Age							
13-19		1	3%	2	2%	3	2%
20-24		5	13%	15	11%	20	12%
25-29		4	11%	19	14%	23	14%
30-39		6	16%	30	23%	36	21%
40-49		7	18%	29	22%	36	21%
50-59		10	26%	22	17%	32	19%
60-64		4	11%	6	5%	10	6%
65-69		0	0%	6	5%	6	4%
70+		1	3%	3	2%	4	2%
Total		38	100%	132	100%	170	100%
Risk/ Exposure							
Heterosexual Contact		17	45%	27	20%	44	26%
IDU (injected drug use)		0	0%	5	4%	5	3%
MSM (men who have sex with men)		14	37%	62	47%	76	45%
MSM & IDU (men who have sex with men & inject drug)		0	0%	2	2%	2	1%
Perinatal		0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
NIR (no identified risk)		7	18%	36	27%	43	25%
Total		38	100%	132	100%	170	100%

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.

Note: Data are for persons >13 years of age for all categories. This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

*Other includes all races not listed above. **There is not sufficient data to report transgender.

Palm Beach Newly Reported AIDS/HIV Cases by Facility Type, March 2015



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.
 CBO= Community Based Organization, CHD= County Health Department, Pvt= Private, Other= all other facilities (<6 cases)



Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS Cases

Cumulative Data through March 2015

Race/ Ethnicity		Living AIDS		Living HIV		Total Living	
		Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	%
Hispanic	All Races	632	13%	465	14%	1097	13%
Non Hispanic	Black	3178	64%	1917	57%	5095	61%
	White	1088	22%	919	27%	2007	24%
	Other*	91	2%	48	1%	139	2%
Total		4989	100%	3349	100%	8338	100%
Gender**							
Female		1863	37%	1270	38%	3133	38%
Male		3126	63%	2079	62%	5205	62%
Total		4989	100%	3349	100%	8338	100%
Age							
00-04		1	0%	1	0%	2	0%
05-12		0	0%	9	0%	9	0%
13-19		30	1%	34	1%	64	1%
20-29		188	4%	405	12%	593	7%
30-39		522	10%	664	20%	1186	14%
40-49		1362	27%	872	26%	2234	27%
50-59		1807	36%	864	26%	2671	32%
60-64		534	11%	240	7%	774	9%
65-69		287	6%	138	4%	425	5%
70+		258	5%	122	4%	380	5%
Total		4989	100%	3349	100%	8338	100%
Risk/ Exposure							
Heterosexual Contact		2630	53%	1587	47%	4217	51%
IDU (injected drug use)		365	7%	148	4%	513	6%
MSM (men who have sex with men)		1362	27%	1160	35%	2522	30%
MSM & IDU (men who have sex with men & inject drug)		114	2%	50	1%	164	2%
NIR (no identified risk)		408	8%	358	11%	766	9%
Perinatal		98	2%	43	1%	141	2%
Other		12	0%	3	0%	15	0%
Total		4989	100%	3349	100%	8338	100%

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.

Note: The age groups for people living with HIV/AIDS are for current age.

This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

* Other includes all races not listed above. **There is not sufficient data to report transgender.



Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS by Eastern/ Western County

Cumulative Data through March 2015

		Eastern Palm Beach Living HIV/AIDS*		Western Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS **		Total Palm Beach Living	
Race/ Ethnicity		Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)
Hispanic	All Races	1057	14%	40	5%	1097	13%
Non Hispanic	Black	4406	58%	689	91%	5095	61%
	White	1987	26%	20	3%	2007	24%
	Other***	132	2%	7	1%	139	2%
Total		7582	100%	756	100%	8338	100%
Gender							
Female		2783	37%	350	46%	3133	38%
Male		4799	63%	406	54%	5205	62%
Total		7582	100%	756	100%	8338	100%
Diagnosis Age							
00-04		1	0%	1	0%	2	0%
05-12		9	0%	0	0%	9	0%
13-19		50	1%	14	2%	64	1%
20-29		539	7%	54	7%	593	7%
30-39		1101	15%	85	11%	1186	14%
40-49		2059	27%	175	23%	2234	27%
50-59		2448	32%	223	29%	2671	32%
60-64		692	9%	82	11%	774	9%
65-69		361	5%	64	8%	425	5%
70+		322	4%	58	8%	380	5%
Total		7582	100%	756	100%	8338	100%
Risk/ Exposure							
Heterosexual Contact		3655	48%	562	74%	4217	51%
IDU (injected drug use)		471	6%	42	6%	513	6%
MSM (men who have sex with men)		2457	32%	65	9%	2522	30%
MSM & IDU (men who have sex with men & inject drug)		158	2%	6	1%	164	2%
NIR (no identified risk)		713	9%	53	7%	766	9%
Perinatal Exposure		114	2%	27	4%	141	2%
Other		14	0%	1	0%	15	0%
Total		7582	100%	756	100%	8338	100%

*** Other includes all races not listed above.

** Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

* Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

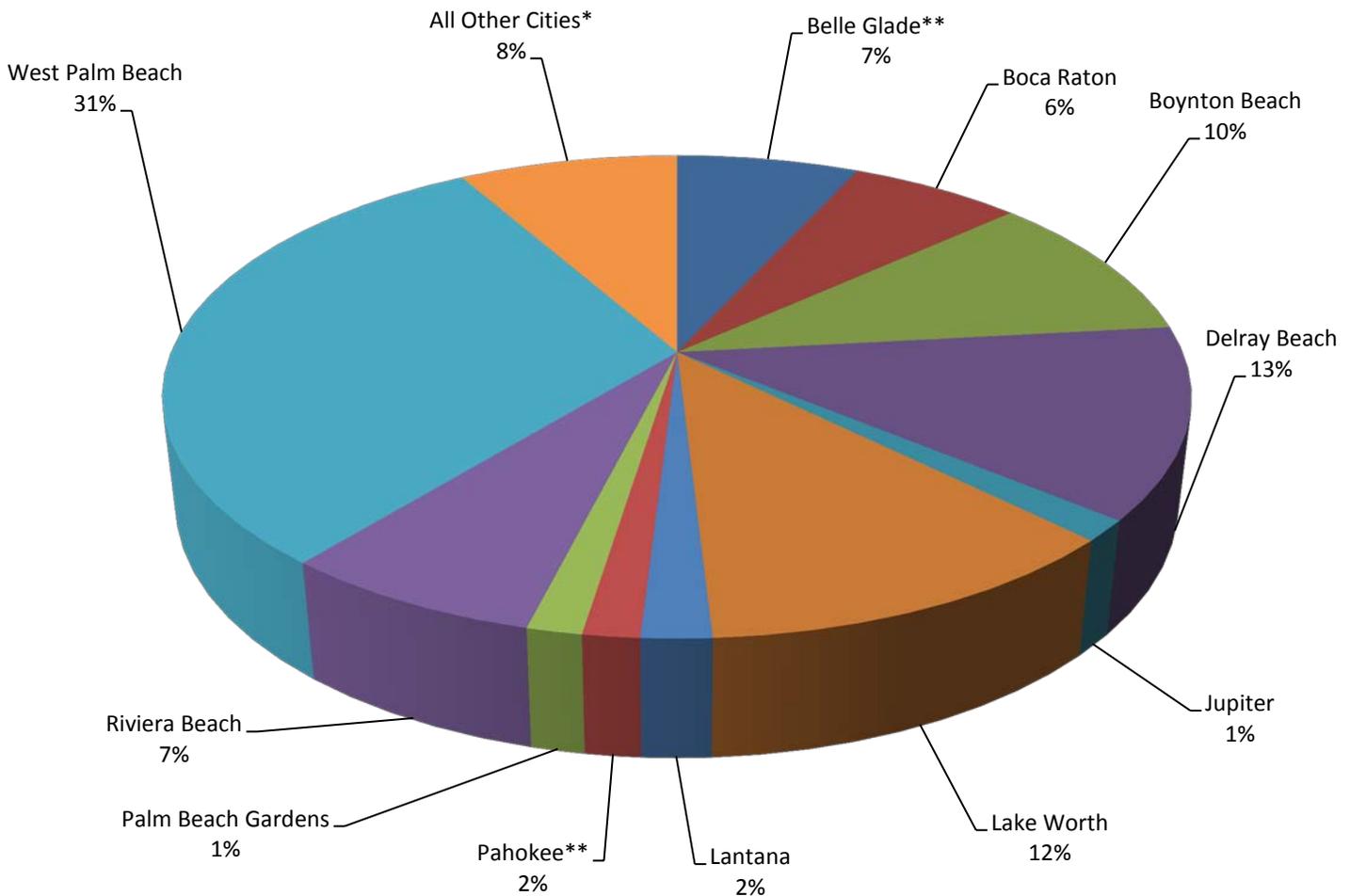
Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.

Note: This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

Palm Beach Living HIV/AIDS Cases by Eastern/ Western Cities

City	Eastern/ Western Living HIV/AIDS Cases	Percent of Living Cases
Belle Glade**	570	7%
Boca Raton	538	6%
Boynton Beach	831	10%
Delray Beach	1062	13%
Jupiter	117	1%
Lake Worth	975	12%
Lantana	155	2%
Pahokee**	126	2%
Palm Beach Gardens	122	1%
Riviera Beach	583	7%
West Palm Beach	2573	31%
All Other Cities*	686	8%
Total	8338	100%

Percent of Living HIV/AIDS by Eastern/Western County n=8338



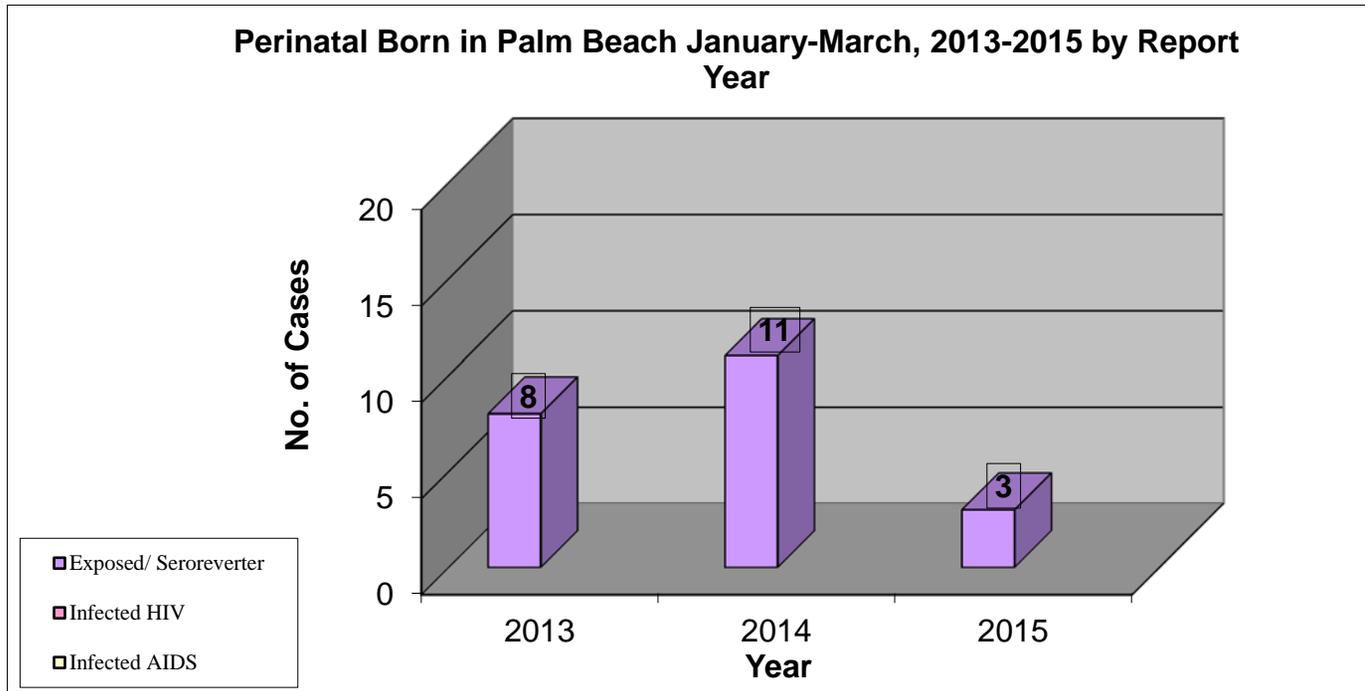
Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.

* Other cities is a combination of the cities that had less than 100 cases per city.

** Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

*** Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

Palm Beach Perinatal by Month/Year of Birth								
	Jan-Mar 2013		Jan-Mar 2014		Jan-Mar 2015		2013-2014 % Change	2014-2015 % Change
	No.	% Exposed	No.	% Exposed	No.	% Exposed		
No. Exposed/ Seroreverter	8	100%	11	100%	3	100%	38%	-73%
No. Infected HIV (not AIDS)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
No. Infected AIDS	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Total Born	8		11		3			



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of March 31, 2015.

Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida

Practitioner List (Laboratory Requirements Differ)

Effective June 4, 2014



Did you know that you are required* to report certain diseases to your local county health department?

FDOH/ Palm Beach County Disease Reporting Telephone Numbers

AIDS/HIV- (561) 840-3137, (no faxing allowed); STD- (561) 803-7326 or 7314, Fax- (561) 840-0148

TB Control- (561) 803-7342, Fax- (561) 840-0171

All Other Epi - (561) 671-4184, Fax - (561) 837-5330 M-F 8AM-5PM

(561) 840-4500 Evenings after 5PM and Weekends

- ! Report immediately 24/7 by phone upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order
- ☎ Report immediately 24/7 by phone
- Report next business day
- + Other reporting timeframe

Birth Defects (850) 245-4444 x2198

+ Congenital anomalies

+ Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)

Cancer (506) 243-4600

+ Cancer, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer and including benign and borderline intracranial and CNS tumors

HIV/AIDS (561) 840-3137

+ Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)

+ Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection

• HIV, exposed infants <18 months old born to an HIV-infected woman

STDs (561) 803-7326 or 7314

• Chancroid

• Chlamydia

• Conjunctivitis in neonates <14 days old

• Gonorrhea

• Granuloma inguinale

• Herpes simplex virus (HSV) in infants <60 days old with disseminated infection and liver involvement; encephalitis; and infections limited to skin, eyes, and mouth; anogenital HSV in children <12 years old

• Human papillomavirus (HPV), associated laryngeal papillomas or recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in children <6 years old; anogenital papillomas in children <12 years old

• Lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)

• Syphilis

☎ Syphilis in pregnant women and neonates

Tuberculosis (561) 803-7342

• Tuberculosis (TB)

All Others EPI (561) 671-4184

! Outbreaks of any disease, any case, cluster of cases, or exposure to an infectious or non-infectious disease, condition, or agent found in the general community or any defined setting (e.g., hospital, school, other institution) not listed that is of urgent public health significance

☎ Amebic encephalitis

! Anthrax

• Arsenic poisoning

• Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed

! Botulism, foodborne, wound, and unspecified

• Botulism, infant

! Brucellosis

• California serogroup virus disease

• Campylobacteriosis

• Carbon monoxide poisoning

• Chikungunya fever

☎ Chikungunya fever, locally acquired

! Cholera (*Vibrio cholerae* type O1)

• Ciguatera fish poisoning

• Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)

• Cryptosporidiosis

• Cyclosporiasis

• Dengue fever

☎ Dengue fever, locally acquired

! Diphtheria

• Eastern equine encephalitis

• Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis

• *Escherichia coli* infection, Shiga toxin-producing

• Giardiasis, acute

! Glanders

! *Haemophilus influenzae* invasive disease in children <5 years old

• Hansen's disease (leprosy)

☎ Hantavirus infection

☎ Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)

☎ Hepatitis A

• Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G

• Hepatitis B surface antigen in pregnant women or children <2 years old

☎ Herpes B virus, possible exposure

! Influenza A, novel or pandemic strains

☎ Influenza-associated pediatric mortality in children <18 years old

• Lead poisoning

• Legionellosis

• Leptospirosis

☎ Listeriosis

• Lyme disease

• Malaria

! Measles (rubeola)

! Melioidosis

• Meningitis, bacterial or mycotic

! Meningococcal disease

• Mercury poisoning

• Mumps

☎ Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning

☎ Pertussis

• Pesticide-related illness and injury, acute

! Plague

! Poliomyelitis

• Psittacosis (ornithosis)

• Q Fever

☎ Rabies, animal or human

! Rabies, possible exposure

! Ricin toxin poisoning

• Rocky Mountain spotted fever and other spotted fever rickettsioses

! Rubella

• St. Louis encephalitis

• Salmonellosis

• Saxitoxin poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning)

! Severe acute respiratory disease syndrome associated with coronavirus infection

• Shigellosis

! Smallpox

☎ Staphylococcal enterotoxin B poisoning

☎ *Staphylococcus aureus* infection, intermediate or full resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA)

• *Streptococcus pneumoniae* invasive disease in children <6 years old

• Tetanus

• Trichinellosis (trichinosis)

! Tularemia

☎ Typhoid fever (*Salmonella* serotype Typhi)

! Typhus fever, epidemic

! Vaccinia disease

• Varicella (chickenpox)

! Venezuelan equine encephalitis

• Vibriosis (infections of *Vibrio* species and closely related organisms, excluding *Vibrio cholerae* type O1)

! Viral hemorrhagic fevers

• West Nile virus disease

! Yellow fever

*Section 381.0031 (2), *Florida Statutes* (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part 1 of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners..."



Data Request and Disease Reporting Information

Request Data Information

For specific data request or to be added to our local HIV Surveillance statistics and reports distribution list, please call HIV Surveillance Manager at (561) 840-3137 or email Psyche.Doe@flhealth.gov .

For State HIV/ AIDS statistics, please visit the following website: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/surveillance/

For National HIV/AIDS statistics, please visit the following website: www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/

Florida CHARTS is a single Internet web site through which the general public, local health planners, researchers, Department of Health employees and others can easily access health indicator data at the community and statewide level for the State of Florida. Please visit the following website: www.floridacharts.com/charts/CommunicableDiseases/

HIV/AIDS Disease Reporting Information

For HIV/AIDS Reportable Disease reporting, please call any of the following HIV Surveillance staff:

Mailing Address: Florida Health- Palm Beach County
1050 W. 15th Street
Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Psyche Doe (561) 840-3137, **no faxing allowed**
HIV Surveillance Manager

Lotoriea Barnett (561) 840-0144
Human Services Program Consultant I

Yolanda Jones (561) 840-0161
Human Services Program Consultant I

Tagan Holland (561) 840- 0151
Human Services Program Analyst (NIR Coordinator)

Velesia Peart (561) 840-0152
Records Technician

STD, TB and EPI Disease Reporting Information

Please contact the following offices for Reportable Diseases/Conditions other than HIV/AIDS:

	Phone	Fax
STD Surveillance	(561) 803-7326	(561) 840-0148

TB Surveillance	(561) 803-7342	(561) 840-0171
------------------------	----------------	----------------

EPI Surveillance	(561) 671-4184	(561) 837-5330
-------------------------	----------------	----------------

EPI Surveillance After Hours (561) 840-4500, **after 5:00 pm and weekends**

For a list of Reportable Disease/Conditions, please see attached list. Please note the Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida List has been revised, as of June 4, 2014.

**Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious*