

## HIV Surveillance Monthly Reports

Please Note: "Current HIV Infection data by year of report reflects any case meeting the CDC definition of 'HIV infection' which includes all newly reported HIV cases and newly reported AIDS cases with no previous report of HIV in Florida. If a case is later identified as being previously diagnosed and reported from another state, the case will no longer be reflected as a Florida case and the data will be adjusted accordingly. Data from the most recent calendar year (2016) are considered provisional and therefore should not be used to confirm or rule out an increase in newly reported cases in Florida. The final year-end numbers are generated in July of the following year, after duplicate cases are removed from the dataset, as is customary of HIV surveillance in the US. "

Osyche H. Doe

HIV Surveillance Program Manager Florida Health- Palm Beach County 1050 West 15th Street 2nd Floor, Room 18 Riviera Beach, FL 33404 (561) 840-3137 (office) (561) 402-9773 (cell)

Mission: To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



## **Data Request and Disease Reporting Information**

## **Request Data Information**

**For specific data request** or to be added to our local HIV Surveillance statistics and reports distribution list, please call HIV Surveillance Manager at (561) 840-3137 or email <a href="mailto:Psyche.Doe@flhealth.gov">Psyche.Doe@flhealth.gov</a>.

**For State HIV/ AIDS statistics**, please visit the following website: <a href="www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/surveillance/">www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/surveillance/</a>

For National HIV/AIDS statistics, please visit the following website: <a href="www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/">www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/</a>

**Florida CHARTS** is a single Internet web site through which the general public, local health planners, researchers, Department of Health employees and others can easily access health indicator data at the community and statewide level for the State of Florida. Please visit the following website: www.floridacharts.com/charts/CommunicableDiseases/

### **HIV/AIDS Disease Reporting Information**

For HIV/AIDS Reportable Disease reporting, please call any of the following HIV Surveillance staff:

Mailing Adress: Florida Health- Palm Beach County 1050 W. 15<sup>th</sup> Street Riviera Beach, FL 33404

**Psyche Doe** (561) 840-3137, no faxing allowed HIV Surveillance Manager

**Lotoriea Burke** (561) 840-0144 **Yolanda Jones** (561) 840-0161 Human Services Program Consultant I Human Services Program Consultant I

**Tagan Lovett** (561) 840-0151 **Heidi Allen** (561) 840-0152

Human Services Program Analyst (NIR Coordinator) Records Technician

\*HIV test results are considered"super confidential" health information and should not be faxed.

### STD, TB and EPI Disease Reporting Information

Please contact the following offices for Reportable Diseases/Conditions other than HIV/AIDS:

STD Surveillance	<b>Phone</b> (561) 803-7326	<b>Fax</b> (561) 840-0148
TB Surveillance	(561) 803-7342	(561) 840-0171
EPI Surveillance	(561) 671-4184	(561) 837-5330

EPI Surveillance After Hours (561) 840-4500, after 5:00 pm and weekends

For a list of Reportable Disease/Conditions, please see attached list. Please note the Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida List has been revised, as of June 4, 2014.

\*Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious

## Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida

Practitioner List (Laboratory Requirements Differ)

Effective June 4, 2014



Did you know that you are required\* to report certain diseases to your local county health department?

- Report immediately 24/7 by phone upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order
- Report immediately 24/7 by phone
  - Report next business day
- Other reporting timeframe

### **Birth Defects**

- + Congenital anomalies
- + Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)

#### Cancer

 Cancer, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer and including benign and borderline intracranial and CNS tumors

#### **HIV/AIDS**

- Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
- + Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
- HIV, exposed infants <18 months old born to an HIV-infected woman

#### **STDs**

- Chancroid
- Chlamydia
- Conjunctivitis in neonates <14 days old</li>
- Gonorrhea
- Granuloma inguinale
- Herpes simplex virus (HSV) in infants <60 days old with disseminated infection and liver involvement; encephalitis; and infections limited to skin, eyes, and mouth; anogenital HSV in children <12 years old</li>
- Human papillomavirus (HPV), associated laryngeal papillomas or recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in children <6 years old; anogenital papillomas in children <12 years old</li>
- Lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)
- Syphilis
- Syphilis in pregnant women and neonates

#### **Tuberculosis**

Tuberculosis (TB)

### All Others

- Outbreaks of any disease, any case, cluster of cases, or exposure to an infectious or non-infectious disease, condition, or agent found in the general community or any defined setting (e.g., hospital, school, other institution) not listed that is of urgent public health significance
- Amebic encephalitis
- ! Anthrax
- Arsenic poisoning
- Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed

- ! Botulism, foodborne, wound, and unspecified
- Botulism, infant
- Brucellosis
- California serogroup virus disease
- Campylobacteriosis
- Carbon monoxide poisoning
- Chikungunya fever
- Chikungunya fever, locally acquired
- ! Cholera (Vibrio cholerae type O1)
- Ciguatera fish poisoning
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
- Cryptosporidiosis
- Cyclosporiasis
- Dengue fever
- Dengue fever, locally acquired
- ! Diphtheria
- Eastern equine encephalitis
- Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
- Escherichia coli infection, Shiga toxinproducing
- Giardiasis, acute
- Glanders
- ! Haemophilus influenzae invasive disease in children <5 years old
- Hansen's disease (leprosy)
- Hantavirus infection
- Memolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
- Mepatitis A
- Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G
- Hepatitis B surface antigen in pregnant women or children <2 years old</li>
- Herpes B virus, possible exposure
- Influenza A, novel or pandemic strains
- Influenza-associated pediatric mortality in children <18 years old</p>
- Lead poisoning
- Legionellosis
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis
- Lyme disease
- Malaria
- Measles (rubeola)
- | Melioidosis
- Meningitis, bacterial or mycotic
- ! Meningococcal disease
- Mercury poisoning

- Mumps
- Neurotoxic shellfish poisoning
- Pertussis
- Pesticide-related illness and injury, acute
- Plague
- Poliomyelitis
- Psittacosis (ornithosis)
- Q Fever
- Rabies, animal or human
- Rabies, possible exposure
- ! Ricin toxin poisoning
- Rocky Mountain spotted fever and other spotted fever rickettsioses
- ! Rubella
- St. Louis encephalitis
- Salmonellosis
- Saxitoxin poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning)
- ! Severe acute respiratory disease syndrome associated with coronavirus infection
- Shigellosis
- ! Smallpox
- Staphylococcal enterotoxin B poisoning
- Staphylococcus aureus infection, intermediate or full resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA)
- Streptococcus pneumoniae invasive disease in children <6 years old</li>
- Tetanus
- Trichinellosis (trichinosis)
- ! Tularemia
- Typhoid fever (Salmonella serotype Typhi)
- ! Typhus fever, epidemic
- ! Vaccinia disease
- Varicella (chickenpox)
- ! Venezuelan equine encephalitis
- Vibriosis (infections of Vibrio species and closely related organisms, excluding Vibrio cholerae type O1)
- ! Viral hemorrhagic fevers
- West Nile virus disease
- ! Yellow fever

\*Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners..."



## Palm Beach Newly Diagnosed Adult AIDS & HIV Infection Cases

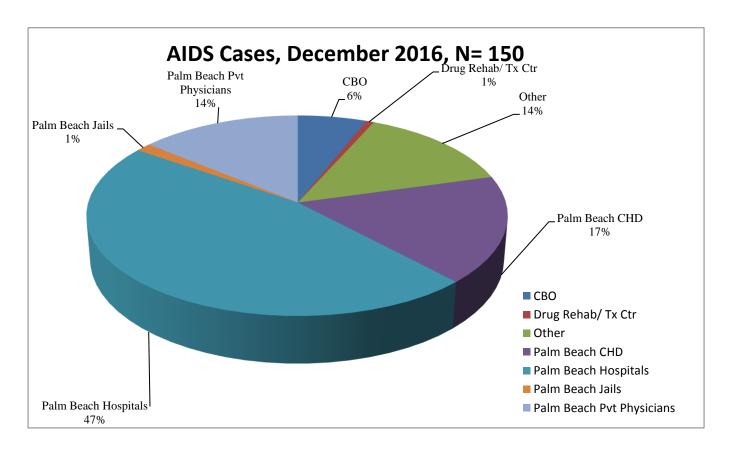
January-December 2016

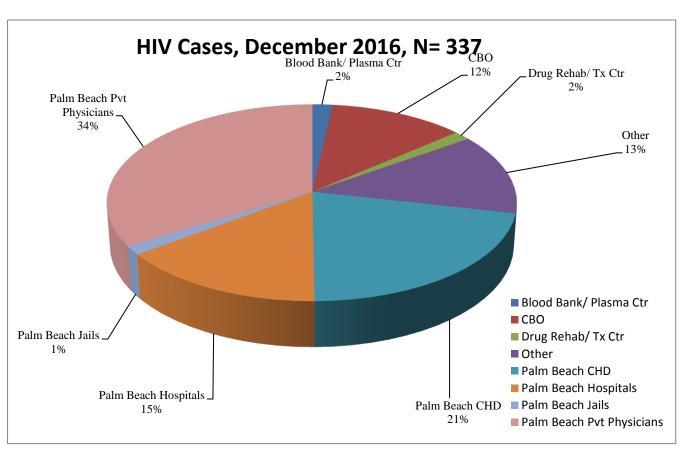
Race/ Ethnicity		AIDS Cases	Total (%)	HIV Cases	Total (%)
Hispanic	All Races	(n) 20	13%	(n) 67	200/
Non Hispanic	Black				20%
Non Hispanic		94	63%	175	52%
	White	33	22%	86	26%
	Other**	3	2%	9	3%
Total		150	100%	337	100%
Ger	nder***				
Female		53	35%	93	28%
Male		97	65%	244	72%
Total		150	100%	337	100%
Diag	nosis Age				
13-19		2	1%	8	2%
20-24		5	3%	32	9%
25-29		17	11%	57	17%
30-39		29	19%	83	25%
40-49		37	25%	57	17%
50-59		39	26%	64	19%
60-64		13	9%	14	4%
65-69		6	4%	15	4%
70+		2	1%	7	2%
Total		150	100%	337	100%
Risk/	Exposure	100	20070		
Heterosexual Co	ntact	70	47%	100	30%
IDU (injected dr	ug use)	5	3%	8	2%
MSM (men who have sex with men)		37	25%	135	40%
MSM & IDU (m with men & inject	en who have sex et drug)	6	4%	6	2%
Perinatal		2	1%	1	0%
NIR (no identifie	ed risk)	30	20%	87	26%
Total		150	100%	337	100%

HIV data includes those cases that have converted to AIDS. These HIV cases cannot be added with AIDS cases to get combined totals since the categories are not mutually exclusive.

**Data Source**: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of December 31, 2016. **Note**: Data are for persons >13 years of age for all categories. This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

<sup>\*</sup>Other includes all races not listed above. \*\*There is not sufficient data to report transgender.







# Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS Cases

Cumulative Data through December 2016

		Living AIDS			g HIV	Total Living		
Race/ Ethnicity		Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	%	
Hispanic	All Races	601	14%	580	15%	1181	14%	
Non	Black	2911	66%	1992	53%	4903	60%	
Hispanic	White	820	19%	1136	30%	1956	24%	
	Other*	74	2%	67	2%	141	2%	
Total		4406	100%	3775	100%	8181	100%	
	Gender**							
Female		1677	38%	1322	35%	2999	37%	
Male		2729	62%	2453	65%	5182	63%	
Total		4406	100%	3775	100%	8181	100%	
	Age							
00-04	-	1	0%	2	0%	3	0%	
05-12		2	0%	10	0%	12	0%	
13-19		25	1%	29	1%	54	1%	
20-29		158	4%	405	11%	563	7%	
30-39		432	10%	730	19%	1162	14%	
40-49		1050	24%	871	23%	1921	23%	
50-59		1599	36%	1050	28%	2649	32%	
60-64		529	12%	319	8%	848	10%	
65-69		329	7%	199	5%	528	6%	
70+		281	6%	160	4%	441	5%	
Total		4406	100%	3775	100%	8181	100%	
Ris	sk/ Exposure							
Heterosex	ual Contact	2418	55%	1607	43%	4025	49%	
IDU (injected drug use)		288	7%	176	5%	464	6%	
MSM (men who have sex		1121	260/	1 455	200/	2506	220/	
with men)		1131	26%	1455	39%	2586	32%	
	DU (men who have	79	2%	88	2%	167	2%	
	nen & inject drug)							
· ·	dentified risk)	390	9%	392	10%	782	10%	
Perinatal		86	2%	54		140	2%	
Other		14	0%	3		17	0%	
Total		4406	100%	3775	100%	8181	100%	

<sup>\*</sup> Other includes all races not listed above. \*\*There is not sufficient data to report transgender.

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of December 31, 2016.

**Note**: This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed. This data does not include Department of Corrections cases. The age groups for people living with HIV/AIDS are for current age.



## Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS by Eastern/ Western County

Cumulative Data through December 2016

	Eastern Palm Beach Living HIV/AIDS*				Palm Beach IV/ AIDS **	<b>Total Palm Beach Living</b>		
Race/ Ethnicity		Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	
Hispanic	All Races	1143	15%	38	6%	1181	14%	
Non	Black	4313	57%	590	89%	4903	60%	
Hispanic	White	1929	26%	27	4%	1956	24%	
	Other***	133	2%	8	1%	141	2%	
Total		7518	100%	663	100%	8181	100%	
Gender								
Female		2723	36%	276	42%	2999	37%	
Male		4795	64%	387	58%	5182	63%	
Total		7518	100%	663	100%	8181	100%	
Diagnosis	s Age							
00-04		2	0%	1	0%	3	0%	
05-12		12	0%	0	0%	12	0%	
13-19		46	1%	8	1%	54	1%	
20-29		522	7%	41	6%	563	7%	
30-39		1091	15%	71	11%	1162	14%	
40-49		1796	24%	125	19%	1921	23%	
50-59		2447	33%	202	30%	2649	32%	
60-64		771	10%	77	12%	848	10%	
65-69		457	6%	71	11%	528	6%	
70+		374	5%	67	10%	441	5%	
Total		7518	100%	663	100%	8181	100%	
Risk/ Exp	osure							
Heterosexua	al Contact	3558	47%	467	70%	4025	49%	
IDU (injecte	ed drug use)	427	6%	37	6%	464	6%	
MSM (men with men)	who have sex	2509	33%	77	12%	2586	32%	
MSM & IDV have sex wit inject drug)	`	166	2%	1	0%	167	2%	
NIR (no ide	ntified risk)	721	10%	61	9%	782	10%	
Perinatal Ex	posure	120	2%	20	3%	140	2%	
Other		17	0%	0	0%	17	0%	
Total		7518	100%	663	100%	8181	100%	

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Other includes all races not listed above.

**Data Source:** FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of December 31, 2016. **Note:** This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

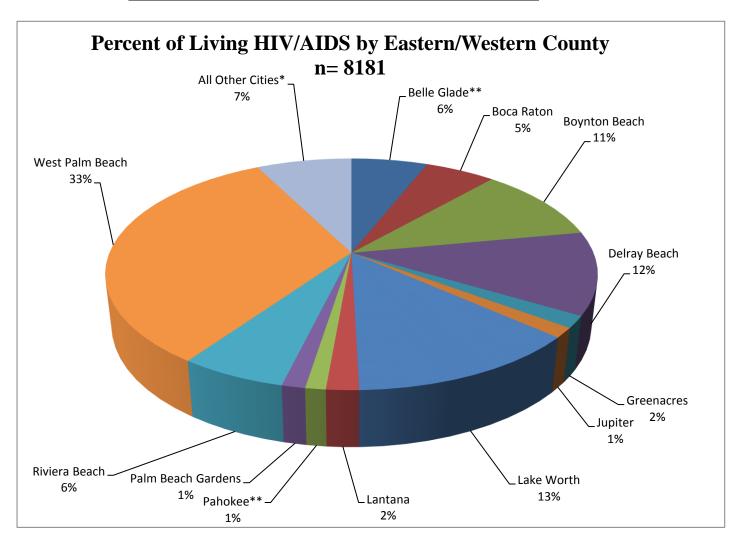
This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

<sup>\*</sup> Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

## Palm Beach Living HIV/AIDS Cases Currently Living in Palm Beach County

	Eastern/ Western	
	Living HIV/AIDS	Percent of
City	Cases	Living Cases
Belle Glade**	491	6%
Boca Raton	450	6%
Boynton Beach	860	11%
Delray Beach	943	12%
Greenacres	135	2%
Jupiter	112	1%
Lake Worth	1065	13%
Lantana	147	2%
Pahokee**	92	1%
Palm Beach Gardens	106	1%
Riviera Beach	484	6%
West Palm Beach	2684	33%
All Other Cities*	612	7%
Total	8181	100%



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of December 31, 2016.

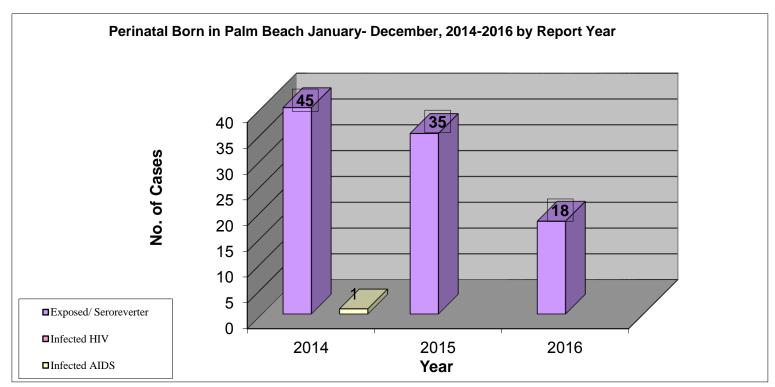
Note: This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed.

<sup>\*</sup> Other cities is a combination of the cities that had less than 100 cases per city.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

Palm Beach Perinatal by Month/Year of Birth									
	December 2014		December 2015		December 2016		2014-2015	2015-2016	
	No.	% Exposed	No.	% Exposed	No.	%Exposed	% Change	% Change	
No. Exposed/ Seroreverter	45	98%	46	100%	22	100%	2%	-52%	
No. Infected HIV (not AIDS)	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%	
No. Infected AIDS	1	2%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%	
Total Born	46		46		22				



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of December 31, 2016.