

HIV Surveillance Monthly Reports

Please Note: "Current HIV Infection data by year of report reflects any case meeting the CDC definition of 'HIV infection' which includes all newly reported HIV cases and newly reported AIDS cases with no previous report of HIV in Florida. If a case is later identified as being previously diagnosed and reported from another state, the case will no longer be reflected as a Florida case and the data will be adjusted accordingly. Data from the most recent calendar year (2015) are considered provisional and therefore should not be used to confirm or rule out an increase in newly reported cases in Florida. The final year-end numbers are generated in July of the following year, after duplicate cases are removed from the dataset, as is customary of HIV surveillance in the US. "

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Mission: To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



Palm Beach Newly Reported Adult AIDS & HIV Infection Cases February 2016

Race	e/ Ethnicity	AIDS Cases	Total (%)	HIV Cases	Total (%)
Hispanic	All Races	(n) 6	19%	(n) 14	22%
Non Hispanic	Black	21			
Non Hispanic			68%	<u>30</u>	47%
	White	3	10%	17	27%
	Other**	1	3%	3	5%
Total		31	100%	64	100%
Ge	ender***				
Female		12	39%	17	27%
Male		19	61%	47	73%
Total		31	100%	64	100%
Diag	gnosis Age				
13-19		0	0%	3	5%
20-24		0	0%	6	9%
25-29		3	10%	10	16%
30-39		7	23%	12	19%
40-49		9	29%	11	17%
50-59		9	29%	16	25%
60-64		3	10%	4	6%
65-69	65-69		0%	2	3%
70+		0	0%	0	0%
Total		31	100%	64	100%
Risk	/ Exposure			_	
Heterosexual Co	ontact	16	52%	17	27%
IDU (injected drug use)		1	3%	1	2%
MSM (men who have sex with men)		6	19%	27	42%
MSM & IDU (men who have sex with men & inject drug)		1	3%	3	5%
Perinatal		0	0%	0	0%
NIR (no identified risk)		7	23%	16	25%
Total	100 110K/	31	<u> </u>	64	100%

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of February 28, 2016. **Note**: Data are for persons >13 years of age for all categories. This data does not include Department of Corrections cases. *Other includes all races not listed above. **There is not sufficient data to report transgender.



Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS Cases

Cumulative Data through February 2016

	-	AIDS	Livin	g HIV	Total I	Living
Race/ Ethnicity	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	%
Hispanic All Races	617	14%	557	15%	1174	14%
Non <mark>Black</mark>	2955	65%	1970	54%	4925	60%
Hispanic White	885	20%	1099	30%	1984	24%
Other*	72	2%	51	1%	123	1%
Total	4529	100%	3677	100%	8206	100%
Gender**						
Female	1719	38%	1316	36%	3035	37%
Male	2810	62%	2361	64%	5171	63%
Total	4529	100%	3677	100%	8206	100%
Age						
00-04	1	0%	2	0%	3	0%
05-12	1	0%	12	0%	13	0%
13-19	26	1%	33	1%	59	1%
20-29	176	4%	413	11%	589	7%
30-39	456	10%	674	18%	1130	14%
40-49	1128	25%	914	25%	2042	25%
50-59	1655	37%	1014	28%	2669	33%
60-64	509	11%	297	8%	806	10%
65-69	309	7%	178	5%	487	6%
70+	268	6%	140	4%	408	5%
Total	4529	100%	3677	100%	8206	100%
Risk/ Exposure						
Heterosexual Contact	2462	54%	1592	43%	4054	49%
IDU (injected drug use)	301	7%	166	5%	467	6%
MSM (men who have sex	1178	26%	1387	38%	2565	31%
with men)	1170	2070	1507	5070	2505	5170
MSM & IDU (men who have sex with men & inject drug)	84	2%	78	2%	162	2%
NIR (no identified risk)	406	9%	397	11%	803	10%
Perinatal	84	2%	54	1%	138	2%
Other	14	0%	3	0%	17	0%
Total	4529	100%	3677	100%	8206	100%

* Other includes all races not listed above. **There is not sufficient data to report transgender.

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of February 28, 2016.

Note : *This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed.* This data does not include Department of Corrections cases. The age groups for people living with HIV/AIDS are for current age.



Palm Beach Living HIV/ AIDS by Eastern/ Western County

Cumulative Data through February 2016

			Palm Beach IIV/AIDS*			Total Palm Beach Living	
Race/ Eth	nnicity	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)	Cases (N)	Total (%)
Hispanic	All Races	1135	15%	39	6%	1174	14%
Non	Black	4332	57%	593	89%	4925	60%
Hispanic	White	1958	26%	26	4%	1984	24%
	Other***	116	2%	7	1%	123	1%
Total		7541	100%	665	100%	8206	100%
Gender							
Female		2751	36%	284	43%	3035	37%
Male		4790	64%	381	57%	5171	63%
Total		7541	100%	665	100%	8206	100%
Diagnosis	s Age						
00-04		2	0%	1	0%	3	0%
05-12		13	0%	0	0%	13	0%
13-19		49	1%	10	2%	59	1%
20-29		547	7%	42	6%	589	7%
30-39		1066	14%	64	10%	1130	14%
40-49		1897	25%	145	22%	2042	25%
50-59		2466	33%	203	31%	2669	33%
60-64		729	10%	77	12%	806	10%
65-69		425	6%	62	9%	487	6%
70+		347	5%	61	9%	408	5%
Total		7541	100%	665	100%	8206	100%
Risk/ Exp	oosure						
Heterosexua	al Contact	3577	47%	477	72%	4054	49%
IDU (injecte	ed drug use)	432	6%	35	5%	467	6%
MSM (men with men)	who have sex	2494	33%	71	11%	2565	31%
MSM & ID have sex wi inject drug)		158	2%	4	1%	162	2%
NIR (no ide	ntified risk)	745	10%	58	9%	803	10%
Perinatal Ex	xposure	118	2%	20	3%	138	2%
Other		17	0%	0	0%	17	0%
Total		7541	100%	665	100%	8206	100%

*** Other includes all races not listed above.

** Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

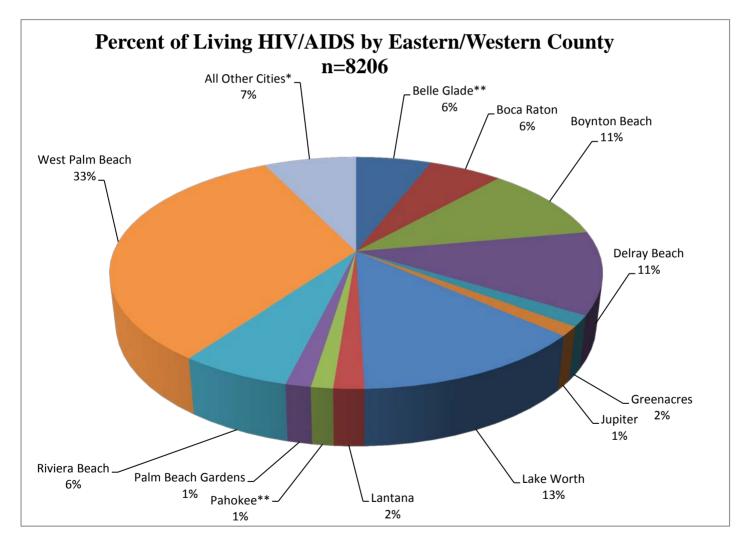
* Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of February 28, 2016. Note: This data does not include Department of Corrections cases.

This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed.

Palm Beach Living HIV/AIDS Cases Diagnosed and Currently Living in Palm Beach County

City	Eastern/ Western Living HIV/AIDS Cases	Percent of Living Cases
Belle Glade**	486	6%
Boca Raton	471	6%
Boynton Beach	861	10%
Delray Beach	942	11%
Greenacres	125	2%
Jupiter	108	1%
Lake Worth	1073	13%
Lantana	138	2%
Pahokee**	99	1%
Palm Beach Gardens	115	1%
Riviera Beach	502	6%
West Palm Beach	2692	33%
All Other Cities*	594	7%
Total	8206	100%



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of February 28, 2016.

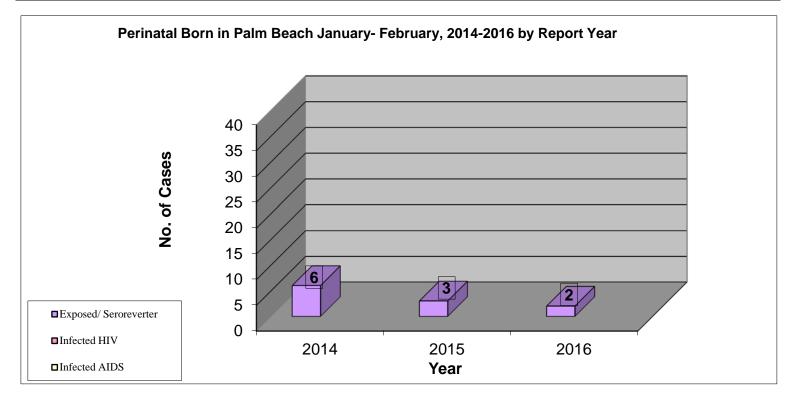
* Other cities is a combination of the cities that had less than 100 cases per city.

** Western Palm Beach includes Belle Glade, Pahokee, South Bay, Canal Point, Lake Harbor and Bryant.

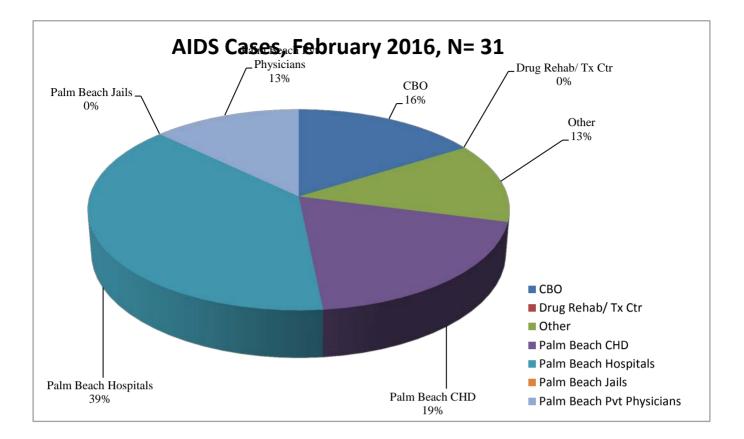
*** Eastern Palm Beach includes all cities not listed as Western Palm Beach.

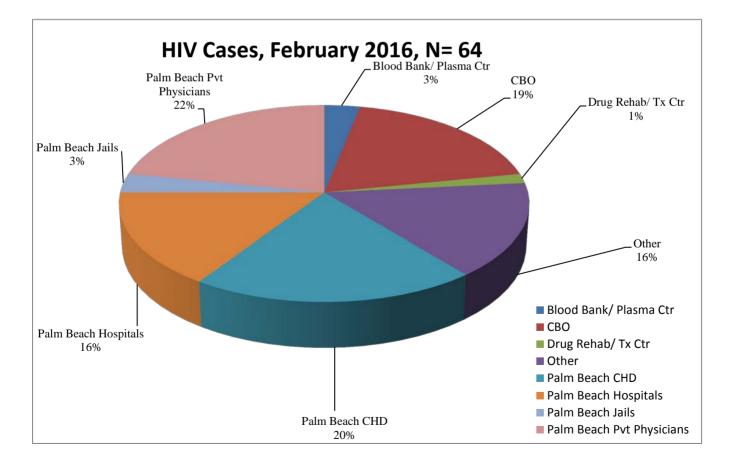
Note: This living data represents HIV disease cases currently living in Palm Beach County, regardless of where they were diagnosed.

Palm Beach Perinatal by Month/Year of Birth								
	Fe	b 2014	Feb 2015		Feb 2016		2014-2015	2015-2016
	No.	% Exposed	No.	% Exposed	No.	Exposed	% Change	% Change
No. Exposed/ Seroreverter	(i 100%	3	100%	2	100%	-50%	-33%
No. Infected HIV (not AIDS)	(0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
No. Infected AIDS	(0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0%
Total Born	(5	3		2			



Data Source: FL DOH, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis Section, data as of February 28, 2016.





Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida

Practitioner List (Laboratory Requirements Differ)

Effective June 4, 2014



Did you know that you are required* to report certain diseases to your local county health department?

1 Report immediately 24/7 by phone upon initial suspicion or laboratory test order Report immediately 24/7 by phone

Reurotoxic shellfish poisoning

- **Birth Defects**
- + Congenital anomalies

+ Neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)

Cancer

Cancer, excluding non-melanoma ÷ skin cancer and including benign and borderline intracranial and CNS tumors

HIV/AIDS

- Acquired immune 44 deficiency syndrome (AIDS)
- Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
- HIV, exposed infants <18 months old born to an HIV-infected woman

STDs

- Chancroid
- Chlamydia
- Conjunctivitis in neonates <14 days old
- Gonorrhea
- Granuloma inguinale
- Herpes simplex virus (HSV) in infants <60 days old with disseminated infection and liver involvement; encephalitis; and infections limited to skin, eyes, and mouth; anogenital HSV in children <12 years old
- Human papillomavirus (HPV), associated laryngeal papillomas or recurrent respiratory papillomatosis in children <6 years old; anogenital papillomas in children <12 years old
- Lymphogranuloma venereum (LGV)
- Syphilis
- Syphilis in pregnant women and neonates

Tuberculosis

Tuberculosis (TB)

All Others

- Outbreaks of any disease, any case, cluster of cases, or exposure to an infectious or non-infectious disease, condition, or agent found in the general community or any defined setting (e.g., hospital, school, other institution) not listed that is of urgent public health significance
- Amebic encephalitis
- Anthrax
- Arsenic poisoning
- Arboviral diseases not otherwise listed

- Botulism, foodborne, wound, and unspecified Botulism, infant **Brucellosis** California serogroup virus disease
- Campylobacteriosis
- Carbon monoxide poisoning
- Chikungunya fever
- 2
- Chikungunya fever, locally acquired Cholera (Vibrio cholerae type O1)
- Ciguatera fish poisoning
- Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD)
- Cryptosporidiosis
- Cyclosporiasis
- **Dengue fever**
- æ Dengue fever, locally acquired

Diphtheria

- Eastern equine encephalitis
- Ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis
- Escherichia coli infection, Shiga toxinproducing
- Giardiasis, acute
- Glanders
- Haemophilus influenzae invasive disease in children <5 years old
- Hansen's disease (leprosy)
- Hantavirus infection
- Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS)
- 2 Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B, C, D, E, and G
- Hepatitis B surface antigen in pregnant . women or children <2 years old
- Herpes B virus, possible exposure
- Influenza A, novel or pandemic strains
- Influenza-associated pediatric mortality 2 in children <18 years old
- Lead poisoning
- Legionellosis
- Leptospirosis
- Listeriosis
- Lyme disease
- Malaria
- Measles (rubeola)
- Melioidosis
- Meningitis, bacterial or mycotic
- Meningococcal disease
- Mercury poisoning

- 2 **Pertussis** Pesticide-related illness and injury, acute Plaque **Poliomyelitis Psittacosis (ornithosis) Q** Fever 2 Rabies, animal or human Rabies, possible exposure **Ricin toxin poisoning Rocky Mountain spotted fever and** other spotted fever rickettsioses Rubella St. Louis encephalitis Salmonellosis Saxitoxin poisoning (paralytic shellfish poisoning) Severe acute respiratory disease syndrome associated with coronavirus infection Shigellosis **Smallpox** Staphylococcal enterotoxin B æ poisoning Staphylococcus aureus infection, intermediate or full resistance to vancomycin (VISA, VRSA) Streptococcus pneumoniae invasive disease in children <6 years old Tetanus **Trichinellosis (trichinosis)** Tularemia Typhoid fever (Salmonella serotype Typhi) Typhus fever, epidemic Vaccinia disease Varicella (chickenpox) Venezuelan equine encephalitis Vibriosis (infections of Vibrio species and closely related organisms, excluding Vibrio cholerae type O1)
 - I Viral hemorrhagic fevers
 - West Nile virus disease
 - Yellow fever

*Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious diseases determined by it to be a threat to public health and therefore of significance to public health and shall furnish a copy of the list to the practitioners...

2 Report next business day + Other reporting timeframe

Mumps



Data Request and Disease Reporting Information

Request Data Information

For specific data request or to be added to our local HIV Surveillance statistics and reports distribution list, please call HIV Surveillance Manager at (561) 840-3137 or email <u>Psyche.Doe@flhealth.gov</u>.

For State HIV/ AIDS statistics, please visit the following website: <u>www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/aids/surveillance/</u>

For National HIV/AIDS statistics, please visit the following website: www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/

Florida CHARTS is a single Internet web site through which the general public, local health planners, researchers, Department of Health employees and others can easily access health indicator data at the community and statewide level for the State of Florida. Please visit the following website: www.floridacharts.com/charts/CommunicableDiseases/

HIV/AIDS Disease Reporting Information

For HIV/AIDS Reportable Disease reporting, please call any of the following HIV Surveillance staff:

Mailing Adress: Florida Health- Palm Beach County 1050 W. 15th Street Riviera Beach, FL 33404

Psyche Doe (561) 840-3137, no faxing allowed HIV Surveillance Manager

Lotoriea Barnett	(561) 840-0144	Yolanda Jones	(561) 840-0161
Human Services Progra	am Consultant I	Human Services Progra	am Consultant I
Tagan Holland	(561) 840- 0151	Velesia Peart	(561) 840-0152
Human Services Progra	am Analyst (NIR Coordinator)	Records Technician	

STD, TB and EPI Disease Reporting Information

Please contact the following offices for Reportable Diseases/Conditions other than HIV/AIDS:

STD Surveillance	Phone (561) 803-7326	Fax (561) 840-0148
TB Surveillance	(561) 803-7342	(561) 840-0171
EPI Surveillance	(561) 671-4184	(561) 837-5330

EPI Surveillance After Hours (561) 840-4500, after 5:00 pm and weekends

For a list of Reportable Disease/Conditions, please see attached list. Please note the Reportable Diseases/Conditions in Florida List has been revised, as of June 4, 2014.

*Section 381.0031 (2), Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides that "Any practitioner licensed in this state to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, naturopathy, or veterinary medicine; any hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395; or any laboratory licensed under chapter 483 that diagnoses or suspects the existence of a disease of public health significance shall immediately report the fact to the Department of Health." Florida's county health departments serve as the Department's representative in this reporting requirement. Furthermore, Section 381.0031 (4), F.S. provides that "The department shall periodically issue a list of infectious or noninfectious